

단국대학교 2026학년도 편입학모집 필기고사

고사시간	오후(16시 ~ 17시)
과 목	영어

인문계열/체육교육과 문제지 문제유형 (B형)



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영어 [인문계열/체육교육과] 문제유형 (B형)

※ 밑줄 친 부분과 뜻이 가장 가까운 것을 고르시오. (1-10) [각2점]

1. He was full of shame about his past and often invented stories about his sordid childhood instead of telling the truth.
 ① imaginary ② laudable ③ ignoble ④ exemplary
2. Both cutting-edge technology and the companies controlling it grew increasingly powerful, provoking euphoric wonderment and existential dread.
 ① remarkable ② illusive ③ exultant ④ suspicious
3. Home was a government-housing block flanked by a children's hospital, biscuit factory, and metal foundry.
 ① ravaged ② subsidized ③ founded ④ skirted
4. She says her aim was always to write the kind of novels you could binge in a weekend, but the more she published, the more she found herself chafing at the criticism.
 ① abating ② fretting ③ appealing ④ soothing
5. The intraparty squabbles between moderates and progressives that have dominated the past decade have given way to different fault lines.
 ① pacts ② wrangles ③ denials ④ reproofs
6. During the ninth century, resourceful indigenous Icelanders who settled the North Atlantic island used their drying and tanning skills to craft shoes from the skins of predatory wolffish.
 ① bizarre ② frivolous
 ③ aboriginal ④ copious
7. Managing color for the majority of garments produced and sold in our industry focuses on the application of color to fabric.
 ① apparatuses ② swifts ③ vestments ④ crinkles

8. Emotional design can produce resonance with consumers, guide user behavior through positive emotions, and improve product awareness.
- ① tattle ② reticence
③ vitality ④ reverberation
9. *Machine Learning* (ML) is a subfield of *Artificial Intelligence* (AI) that uses algorithms trained on data to produce adaptable models that can perform a variety of complex tasks.
- ① intrepid ② craven ③ rigid ④ pliable
10. Although always an uneasy and ambivalent position, their ethnic identity has not been made invisible and their culture and history still inform each generation.
- ① unequivocal ② obvious ③ indecisive ④ eventful

※ 어법상 빈칸에 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. (11-15) [각2점]

11. Christians _____ driven apart from each other by forces outside of religion itself, and by the absence of any official state sponsorship of a particular form of Christianity.
- ① had been ② being ③ had ④ have
12. Most linguists would not dignify an animal's system of vocal communication _____ the name of language, no matter how large its vocabulary, unless it also involved grammatical rules.
- ① at ② on ③ with ④ to
13. She brought in public-health researchers to study ailments that affected residents, _____ that exposure to raw sewage led to the spread of hookworm, a parasite that causes a wide range of ailments and was once thought to be eradicated in the U.S.
- ① learn ② learning ③ had learned ④ learned
14. Federal and state health officials have even drafted rigorous training and competency requirements for people _____ wish to become professional peer supporters.
- ① whom ② whatever ③ whose ④ who

15. We need mutual respect between different ethnolinguistic groups, _____ in many societies must include the promotion of bilingualism.
- ① that ② which
③ whom ④ what

※ 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법에 맞지 않은 것을 고르시오. (16-20) [각2점]

16. Harvey decided ①to try employing women as waitstaff. In 1883, he placed an advertisement ②seeking educated, well-mannered, ③articulate young women between the ④age of 18 and 30.
17. The program works ①in conjunction with the University Office of Laboratory Animal Services and ②is registered with the United States Department of Agriculture and ③adheres to the regulations ④setting forth in the Animal Welfare Act.
18. I reiterate my statement that no evidence ①exists to support it, that the crude versions of past centuries ②has been conclusively disproving, and that its ③continued popularity is a function of social prejudice among those who ④benefit most from the status quo.
19. ①Especially insidious, chronic exposure to one of these hormones, cortisol, ②cause brain changes that ③make it increasingly difficult ④to shut the stress response down.
20. In the brain, sleep ①is manifested through changes in the activity of neuronal cells. The transition from wakefulness into sleep ②is accompanied by a shift into ③defined wave-like patterns, with different patterns ④associated different stages of sleep.

※ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (21-23) [각2점]

Many of us therapists are currently struggling with the concept of synthetic relationships. Not because we don't understand the technology, but because we don't quite know what to do when our clients walk into a session and talk about their relationships with chatbots. We sense that something clinically important is happening, yet there is no shared language and no clear framework for how to respond.

That uncertainty has made me increasingly curious about how my peers are dealing with this shift. Recently, one of my clients spent most of a session unpacking a long conversation they had had with a chatbot: what they believed they were learning about themselves, how “smart” and insightful the bot seemed, and how much they felt it was

helping our work together.

While trying to explore ways to integrate these synthetic relationships into the therapeutic work, I have been reaching out to colleagues to see how widespread this experience is. What I have found, especially in online professional forums, is a mix of resistance and fear. Many therapists feel uneasy, unsure of how to deal with this phenomenon, or reluctant to engage with the topic at all.

21. Which is the main topic of the passage?

- ① Therapists' uncertainty and reactions to clients' relationships with chatbots
- ② The technical limitations of current chatbot technology
- ③ Ethical guidelines for banning chatbot use in therapy
- ④ The benefits of using chatbots as primary therapeutic tools

22. According to the passage, which is TRUE?

- ① Most clients refuse to discuss their interactions with chatbots in therapy sessions.
- ② Therapists clearly know how to respond to clients' relationships with chatbots.
- ③ Online professional forums strongly support the use of chatbots in therapy.
- ④ Therapists show mixed reactions toward synthetic relationships.

23. Which does the underlined part "this phenomenon" refer to?

- ① Clients forming meaningful relationships with chatbots
- ② The rapid development of artificial intelligence
- ③ The lack of technological training among therapists
- ④ Therapists communicating through online professional forums

※ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (24-26) [각2점]

Eating soy, it now appears, is one of the simplest things we can do to boost our health. Once revered as a sacred crop in China, soybeans are one of the richest plant sources of protein. In fact, the World Health Organization considers it on a par with meat and dairy proteins. And not only is this low-fat dietary protein great news for vegetarians or dieters, but a growing body of research also indicates that soy may help prevent many chronic diseases.

Many of soy's therapeutic benefits are believed to come from its vast stores of bioactive plant chemicals called isoflavones. These are able to stabilize estrogen, a female hormone necessary for normal growth and development. They adjust the

hormone's effects when levels are too high or low.

To get the most out of soy, health experts suggest eating whole foods like tofu, soymilk, and tempeh because they contain higher levels of isoflavones than supplements do. Fortunately, there are now a variety of soy and tofu products that are both convenient and tasty. Both fresh and long conservation soymilk are easy to find in many supermarkets, and soymilk can be used in place of cow's milk for both drinking and cooking.

24. Which is the least appropriate for the underlined part “on a par with”?

- ① comparable to ② on a level with
③ in contrast to ④ equivalent to

25. Which is the main idea of this passage?

- ① One chemical supplement taking the place of meat and dairy protein
- ② The benefits of intaking soy for promoting health
- ③ The effects of soy products on female hormones
- ④ The importance of bioactive plant chemicals

26. According to the passage, which is NOT true?

- ① The soy's therapeutic advantages come from many bioactive plant chemicals.
- ② To prevent lots of chronic diseases, soy may be conducive to one's health.
- ③ Having whole foods like tofu is suggested for getting the most out of soy.
- ④ It is not easy to find soymilk for cooking in supermarkets.

※ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (27-28) [각2점]

We've argued that humans share with other social mammals the same basic group of moral behaviors, namely fairness, cooperation, and empathy. We've also suggested that morality may exist along a continuum, from simpler to more complex patterns of behavior. But humans appear to have evolved an unusually high level of moral complexity.

The human prefrontal cortex, the area of the brain responsible for judgment and rational thought, is more highly developed in humans than in other animals. With judgment and rational thought (what is often called *reason*), we gain self-consciousness about the grounds of our actions and gain a corresponding capacity for self-governance and conscious control. It is because animals lack this capacity for reflective self-control

that we don't hold them responsible. We don't hold them morally culpable for following their strongest impulses.

27. Which is the statement that best explains the morality of animals and/or humans?

- ① Humans and animals hold some aspects of morality in common.
- ② Animals have the same morality as humans to a high degree.
- ③ Animals have enough self-governance capacity for their actions.
- ④ Humans have not yet evolved a highly complex morality.

28. According to the passage, which is NOT true?

- ① Animals are held morally censurable for keeping their own impulses.
- ② If animals have enough reflective self-control capacity, they could be held responsible.
- ③ The human brain has one part responsible for judgment and rational thought.
- ④ One part of the animal brain has been less developed than in humans.

※ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (29-30) [각2점]

From whichever era of American life, the city has always been a focus for human desires and dreams, a place of possibility, success and threat. This is echoed in the way many people, like Whitman, think of the city as alive; writing, for example, about its 'heart' and its 'soul'. Viewed as human and organic, the city takes on a moral condition too so that its culture is seen to reflect the values, attitudes and mores of the people who breathe within it. Frederick Howe, a believer in the possibilities of the city, wrote in 1905 of society as 'an organism like the human body, of which the city is the head, heart, and center of the nervous system'. Above all, the American city is a text created, a story written by people who sought to impose their vision of order, their designs upon the world, and to some extent to control the wilderness into a contained and disciplined environment. But at the very same time there was a contrary discourse, which sees control as impossible and where social conflict, crime and corruption flourish. Just as the Puritan Winthrop can be seen as constructing a single discourse for his people, of the city as a testament to their grace, there emerged a counter-discourse which defined the city as the place of recklessness and opportunity, a place of desire, offering the freedom from older, more traditional restraints.

29. According to the passage, which can describe the American city?

- ① energetic and simple ② dull and complex
③ vibrant and dynamic ④ monotonous and enticing

30. According to the passage, which is NOT true about the American city?

- ① It is perceived as alive with lots of possibilities.
- ② It is not a reflection of the values of the people who live in it.
- ③ It is viewed as civilized by some but lawless by others.
- ④ It is multi-dimensional and often contradictory in nature.

※ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (31-33) [각4점]

The term wellness is frequently used interchangeably with health; however, it can be regarded as a conceptually different approach to the health state. The concept of wellness may cover more expansive areas of the health state as it emphasizes multi-paced balancing actions and processes throughout an individual's life. (A) _____, removing a disease may not be considered the sole purpose or product of one's health endeavors, but the notion of wellness, process, adaptation, or balance is more deliberately focused as it contextualizes one's attitudes, values, perspectives, choices, or interpretations over one's health state. Recognizing the concept of wellness puts an "actively purposed goal" into focus. In this sense of wellness, individual responsibilities become important factors as one's health state must be assessed by one's choices, potential, or the meaningfulness of behaviors rather than only external or uncontrollable factors such as age, family history, or socioeconomic status. Similar people on the health continuum may measure their wellness statuses very differently. It has been found that individuals with severe illness or impairments may have a strong sense of well-being while living up to their own wellness potential as wellness can be determined by an individual's decisions about how to live with vitality and meaning. (B) _____, a person with diabetes can often be physically ill, but still feels well because of the support from friends and family members that keeps the person with diabetes mentally strong and happy. People with a disease issue can be medically compromised, however given the correct choices from medical data can function well and achieve a level of health beyond their diagnosis.

31. Which is the most appropriate for the blanks (A) and (B)?

- ① On the contrary — Therefore ② In other words — For example
③ As a result — However ④ For instance — Nonetheless

32. According to the passage, which is TRUE?

- ① People's wellness statuses on the similar health continuum may be assessed differently.
- ② The concept of wellness is identical to the concept of health.
- ③ An individual's health state should be measured only by uncontrollable factors.
- ④ Removing a disease is the most important purpose of one's health endeavors.

33. Which is the topic of the passage?

- ① The importance of having a strong sense of well-being in one's health endeavors
- ② The expansive concept of wellness over one's health state
- ③ The relationship between internal and external factors in one's wellness
- ④ The role of support from friends and family members in one's health state

※ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (34-36) [각4점]

The theory of polygenesis, with its implication that languages spoken today ultimately derive from several unrelated sources in the remote past, is not easy to defend. For one thing, the process leading to prelanguage and language must have consisted of a long chain of transformations, structural and functional. That two or more parallel developments of such complexity took place independently of each other cannot be taken for granted. Derek Bickerton posited that the transition from "protolanguage" (referred to here as prelanguage) to true language was abrupt and the result of a single crucial mutation. (A)_____, it is difficult to accept that a system of communication as unique and complex as human language could have been the consequence of a single mutation. Then, too, the capacity of all normal children, regardless of ethnic background, to acquire any one of the several thousand natural languages with the same degree of mastery and according to approximately the same timetable is a strong indication that speech is innate throughout the human species and that all languages are simply variations on a common basic structural theme.

The theory of monogenesis may take two forms: radical (or straight-line) or, to use Hockett's term, fuzzy. Of the two, the fuzzy version of monogenesis appears more realistic. (B)_____ it presupposes a single origin of traits essential for language, it allows for the further development of the incipient capacity for speech to take place in separate groups of hominids within an area. The resulting differentiation could have been bridged by gene flow among the groups or brought to an end by the eventual dominance and survival of that early human population whose communicative system was most efficient. If, instead, several varieties of prelanguage managed to

persist, then there would be more than one “dialect” ancestral to all those languages that developed subsequently.

34. Which is the most appropriate for the blanks (A) and (B)?

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| ① For example — Since | ② In summary — If |
| ③ However — Although | ④ Moreover — While |

35. According to the passage, which is TRUE?

- ① The theory of polygenesis implies that current languages derive from a single source.
- ② Children’s ethnic background is important in their acquisition of languages.
- ③ One version of monogenesis appears more realistic than the other.
- ④ The theory of polygenesis may take two forms when discussing language origins.

36. Which is the topic of the passage?

- ① Similarities between two theories when discussing language origins
- ② Origins of language discussed in two theories
- ③ Theoretical backgrounds of children’s language acquisition
- ④ Difficulties in distinguishing one theory from the other in language development

※ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오. (37-38) [각4점]

If people didn’t feel fear, they wouldn’t be able to protect themselves from legitimate threats. Fear is a vital response to physical and emotional danger that has been pivotal throughout human evolution, but especially in ancient times when men and women regularly faced life-or-death situations.

Today, the stakes are lower, but while public speaking, elevators, and spiders don’t present the same type of immediately dire consequences that faced early man, some individuals still develop extreme fight-flight-or-freeze responses to specific objects or scenarios.

Many people experience occasional bouts of fear or “nerves” before a flight, first date, or big game. But when someone’s fear is persistent and specific to certain threat, and impairs his or her everyday life, that person might have what’s known as a specific phobia.

37. According to the passage, why was fear especially important in ancient times?
- ① People needed fear mainly to build relationships with other community members.
 - ② People often faced life-threatening situations that required protection.
 - ③ People experienced fear mostly for entertainment rather than survival purposes.
 - ④ People depended on fear mainly to enjoy challenging and exciting adventures.
38. According to the passage, which is TRUE?
- ① Some people show extreme responses to situations that are not truly dangerous.
 - ② Fear never helps individuals protect themselves from any danger.
 - ③ Everyone experiences fear in the similar way and with the same intensity.
 - ④ Situations like public speaking or spiders are always seriously life-threatening.

※ 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (39-40) [각4점]

Your brain reaches its adult size when you are between 12 and 14. However, it continues to develop until you are in your early twenties. And one part that develops later than others is the prefrontal cortex, the part that is good at considering the results of actions. That means that teens and young adults often make decisions without thinking about the consequences. It doesn't have to be like that, though. Whatever your age, if you want to make better decisions, there are techniques you can use. Dr. Ruth Chang, a professor at the University of Oxford, England, studies the way we make decisions, and she suggests a new way of thinking about decisions.

(A) A hard decision is one where we have two alternatives, and they seem about equal. It might be two different majors, for example.

(B) Instead of trying to decide which option is the best based on facts, we should decide which one we can really commit to—in other words, which one we can truly imagine ourselves doing. Then, that option becomes the best choice for us.

(C) How do we choose between them? You might think that the best way is to get as much information as you can about each option. But even after we have all the information we need, Dr. Chang argues, these decisions are still difficult to make.

That way, you can take control and make meaningful decisions for your authentic self.

39. Which is the most appropriate order for (A), (B), and (C)?
- ① (A) - (C) - (B)
 - ② (A) - (B) - (C)
 - ③ (B) - (C) - (A)
 - ④ (C) - (B) - (A)

40. Which is the main idea of this passage?

- ① The effects of brain development on thinking
- ② The process of making meaningful decisions
- ③ The importance of understanding one's authentic self
- ④ The relationship between the prefrontal cortex and age